Claim 1 (currently amended)

An optical element, comprising:

- a base material consisting of a lens; and
- a surface layer formed on at least one of the surfaces of the base material lens;

wherein a reflectance of a surface of the formed layer for all light rays in a wavelength region of 280 nm to 315 nm and in a wavelength of 420 nm to 680 nm is smaller than a reflectance of a surface of the base material, and

wherein the base material is a lens and the layer is formed on an image side-entire surface of the lens so that when the light rays enter from the image side of the lens into the image side-entire surface of the lens, the surface layer minimizes an amount of light rays reflected from the image side-entire surface of the lens.

Claim 2 (original)

The optical element of claim 1, wherein the layer is made of substantially an inorganic material.

Claim 3 (original)

The optical element of claim 1, wherein a surface resistance of the layer is 1 M $\Omega/{\rm cm}^2$ or less.

Claim 4 (cancelled)

Claim 5 (currently amended)

The optical element of claim 1, wherein the base material lens is a lens for an eyeglass and the layer is formed on an eye sideentire surface of the lens.

Claim 6 (original)

The optical element of claim 1, wherein a reflectance of a surface of the formed layer for all light rays in a wavelength region of 280 nm to 400 nm and in a wavelength region of 420 nm to 680 nm is smaller than a reflectance of a surface of the base material.

Claim 7 (original)

The optical element of claim 1, wherein a reflectance of a surface of the formed layer for all light rays in a wavelength region of 280 nm to 700 nm is smaller than a reflectance of a surface of the base material.

Claim 8 (original)

The optical element of claim 1, wherein an absorptivity of the

280 nm to 400 nm is 30% or more.

Claim 9 (currently amended)

The optical element of claim 1, wherein the base material lens has a selective absorptivity to absorb selectively a part of light rays in a wavelength region of 400 to 700 nm.

Claim 10 (original)

The optical element of claim 1, wherein the layer is a multilayer having plural layers.

Claim 11 (original)

The optical element of claim 1, wherein the layer comprises a transparent conductive layer.

Claim 12 (cancelled)

Claim 13 (original)

The optical element of claim 1, wherein the layer comprises a metallic layer.

Claim 14 (cancelled)

Claim 15 (original)

The optical element of claim 1, wherein a luminous transmittance of the base material and the layer is 75% or less.

Claim 16 (previously presented)

The optical element of claim 1, wherein a difference between a luminous reflectance of the one surface and a luminous reflectance of the optical surface of the optical element is 1% or less.

Claim 17 (cancelled)

Claim 18 (currently amended)

The optical element of claim 1, wherein

another layer is formed on an object side surface of the base material lens, and

wherein a difference between a wavelength showing a peak of a spectral reflectance on the image side surface and a wavelength showing a peak of a spectral reflectance on the object side surface in a wavelength region of 450 nm to 680 nm is $\pm 5\%$ or less and a difference between a peak reflectance on the image side surface and a peak reflectance on the object side surface in a wavelength region of 450 nm to 680 nm is 1% or less.

Claim 19 (currently amended)

An eyeglass, comprising:

a lens an optical element comprising

a base material consisting of a lens; and

a surface layer formed on at least one of the surfaces of the base material lens; and

a lens holder to hold the lens;

wherein a reflectance of a surface of the formed layer for all light rays in at least one of a wavelength region of 280 nm to 315 nm and in a wavelength region of 420 nm to 680 nm is smaller than a reflectance of a surface of the base material lens, and

wherein the layer is formed on an eye side-entire surface of the base material lens so that when the light rays enter from the eye side of the lens into the eye side-entire surface of the lens, the layer minimizes an amount of light rays reflected from the eye side-entire surface of the lens.

Claim 20 (cancelled)

Claim 21 (previously presented)

An optical element, comprising

a base material; and

a layer formed on at least one of the surfaces of the base material;

wherein a reflectance of a surface of the formed layer for all light rays in at least one of a wavelength region of 280 nm to 315 nm and in a wavelength region of 420 nm to 680 nm is smaller than a reflectance of a surface of the base material,

wherein the layer comprises a transparent conductive layer, and

wherein the transparent conductive layer contains indium oxide.

Claim 22 (previously presented)

An optical element, comprising

- a base material; and
- a layer formed on at least one of the surfaces of the base material;

wherein a reflectance of a surface of the formed layer for all light rays in at least one of a wavelength region of 280 nm to 315 nm and in a wavelength region of 420 nm to 680 nm is smaller than a reflectance of a surface of the base material,

wherein a luminous transmittance of the layer is 90% or more.

Claim 23 (previously presented)

- a base material; and
- a layer formed on at least one of the surfaces of the base material;

wherein a reflectance of a surface of the formed layer for all light rays in at least one of a wavelength region of 280 nm to 315 nm and in a wavelength region of 420 nm to 680 nm is smaller than a reflectance of a surface of the base material,

wherein a spectral transmittance of the layer for all light rays in a wavelength region of 400 nm to 700 nm is 98% or more.